



MISSION

#### 2003ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN		l, AN	ID ENDING_		31, DD/YY	200
A. R	EGISTRANT	IDENTIFICATI	ON			
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Times	Securities,	Inc.		OFFI	CIAL U	SE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF B	USINESS: (Do	not use P.O. Box No	.)	F	FIRM I.C	D, NO.
9550 Flair Drive, Suite 10						
	(No	o. and Street)				
El Monte		California			91731	l '
(City)		(State)		(Zip Code)	······································	;1 (
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Stephanie Chooi	F PERSON TO C	ONTACT IN REGA	RD TO THIS F	626-44		
				(Area Cod	e – Telepi	hone Number
B. A	CCOUNTAN	F IDENTIFICAT	ION			
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA	•	n is contained in this	•			
	(Name – y mai	•	•			
10680 W. Pico Boulevard, S	uite 260	Los Angeles,	Californi	a		90064
(Address)	(City)		(State	)	(Zi	p Code)
CHECK ONE:						
Certified Public Accountant	it -			DD 0 -		
☐ Public Accountant				PROCI	ESSE	D
☐ Accountant not resident in	United States or	any of its possession	s.	APR 10	2003	
	FOR OFF	CIAL USE ONLY		THOMS	ON	

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form a lengt required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

	Times Securities, Inc.	financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to th	, as
-	December 31,	20 02, are true and correct. I further swea	
	ner the company nor any partner, proprie sified solely as that of a customer, except	etor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest	in any account
LIAS	sified solely as that of a customer, except	t as follows.	
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		-	1. CHAS
	Notary Public		
Thi 図	s report ** contains (check all applicable (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.	boxes):	e de la
	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	And the second of the second o	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
		ers' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	e de la companya de l
<b>S</b>	(g) Computation of Net Capital.	Pasarua Paguiromente Durquent to Dula 15a2 2	•
	(h) Computation for Determination of F	Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	e Santa (Santa)
	<ul> <li>(h) Computation for Determination of F</li> <li>(i) Information Relating to the Possess</li> <li>(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate</li> </ul>	tion or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.  Triate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under R	ule 15c3-3 and the
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	<ul> <li>(h) Computation for Determination of F</li> <li>(i) Information Relating to the Possess</li> <li>(j) A Reconciliation, including appropring Computation for Determination of t</li> </ul>	tion or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.  Triate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under R	ule 15c3-3 and the
	<ul> <li>(h) Computation for Determination of F</li> <li>(i) Information Relating to the Possess</li> <li>(j) A Reconciliation, including appropring Computation for Determination of t</li> </ul>	tion or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.  riate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under R the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.  ed and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition.	ule 15c3-3 and the

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

State of <u>CALIFORINIA</u> County of <u>Los ANGELES</u> Ss.	•	
SOPHON SOPHONSRI  COMM. #1303067  NOTARY PUBLIC • CALIFORNIA  LOS ANGELES COUNTY  Comm. Exp. MAY 29, 2005	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before method this 27th day of	
, ,	OPTIONAL  I law, it may prove valuable to persons relying on the document and could pred dreattachment of this form to another document.	vent
Description of Attached Document  Title or Type of Document: ANNUAL AN PITE		#2
Document Date: 3-27-03 Nu Signer(s) Other Than Named Above:		

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C.

ANNUAL AUDIT REPORT

DATE - DECEMBER 31, 2002

TIMES SECURITIES, INC. 9550 Flair Drive, Suite 104 El Monte, CA 91731

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT

Board of Directors Time Securities. Inc. El Monte, California

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Time Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and related statements of income, cash flows, and changes in shareholder's equity for the year then ended. These financial statements are being filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and include the supplemental schedule of the net capital computation required by rule 15c3-1. These financial statements are the responsibility of Times Securities, Inc. management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, such financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects. the financial condition of Time Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and the results of its operations cash flows and shareholders' equity for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA Los Angeles, California

Else Tache

March 19, 2003

### TIMES SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2002

#### **ASSETS**

Cash			
Checking			\$ 16,868
Due from shareholder			650
Other assets			 220
TOTAL ASSETS			\$ 17,738
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S	EQUIT	Y	
LIABILITIES			
Accrued expenses			\$ 2,364
Due to shareholder			 0
TOTAL LIABILITIES			\$ 2,364
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Common stock (\$5 par value, 1,000,000 shares			
authorized, 5,000 shares issued and outstanding)	\$	25,000	
Paid-in capital		2,656	
Retained earnings (deficit)		(12,282)	 15,374
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			\$ 17,738

## TIMES SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

REVENUES	\$ 2,160
TOTAL REVENUES	 2,160
EXPENSES	
Legal and professional Regulatory fees and expenses Other expenses	\$ 4,000 2,112 4,027
TOTAL EXPENSES	 10,139
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAX PROVISION	(7,979)
INCOME TAX PROVISION	 800
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (8,779)

### TIMES SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Common Stock Shares	 Common Stock	 Paid-In Capital	 Retained Earnings (Deficit)	 Total
Balance, December 31, 2001	0	\$ 25,000	\$ 200	\$ (3,503)	\$ 21,697
Paid in capital		0.	2,456		2,456
Net Income (loss)		 	 	 (8,779)	 (8,779)
Balance, December 31, 2002	0	\$ 25,000	\$ 2,656	\$ (12,282)	\$ 15,374

#### TIMES SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net income (loss)	\$ (8,779)
Amortization	0
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	0
Commissions receivable	0
Due from shareholder	(650)
Other assets	(220)
Accrued expenses	 2,364
Net cash provided in operating activities	(7,285)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	 0
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	
Paid in capital	 2,456
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	 2,456
Net increase in cash	(4,829)
Cash at beginning of year	 21,697
Cash at end of year	\$ 16,868
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Interest paid	\$ 0
Income taxes paid	\$ 0

### TIMES SECURITIES, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Organization

Time Securities, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated in California on November 8, 2001 and is registered as a broker-dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company was approved by the NASD May 2002. The Company, in connection with its activities as a broker-dealer, holds no funds or securities for customers. The Company executes and clears all of its transactions through a clearing broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis and, accordingly, is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under Subparagraph (k)(2)(ii). The Company maintains its principal and only office in El Monte, California.

#### **Securities Transactions**

Customers' securities transactions and related commission income and expenses are recorded on a settlement-date basis, generally the third business day following the transaction. The financial statement effect of recording these transactions at settlement date rather than the transaction date is not significant.

#### Property, Equipment and Depreciation

Property and equipment are carried at cost. Depreciation is calculated on the accelerated method over estimated economic lives.

#### Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital as defined under such provisions. See the computation of net capital requirements following these Notes to Financial Statements.

### TIMES SECURITIES, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) DECEMBER 31, 2002

#### **Note 3 - Provision for Income Taxes**

The Company's fiscal year ends December 31. The provision for income taxes for the year consists of the following:

Federal	\$	0
State		800
	<u>\$</u>	800

#### Note 4 - Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# TIMES SECURITIES, INC. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 DECEMBER 31, 2002

Nonallowable assets: Due from shareholder Other assets  (650 Other assets  (220  NET CAPITAL  (514,504)  COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS Minimum net aggregate indebtedness 6-2/3% of net aggregate indebtedness  Minimum dollar net capital required  (55,000)  Net Capital required (greater of above amounts)  EXCESS CAPITAL  (59,504)  Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL	
Due from shareholder Other assets Other assets Other assets  NET CAPITAL  S 14,504  COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS Minimum net aggregate indebtedness - 6-2/3% of net aggregate indebtedness  S 158  Minimum dollar net capital required Net Capital required (greater of above amounts)  EXCESS CAPITAL  S 9,504  Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)  S 14,268  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income and deferred income Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	Total ownership equity from statement of financial condition	\$ 15,374
NET CAPITAL  COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS  Minimum net aggregate indebtedness - 6-2/3% of net aggregate indebtedness  Minimum dollar net capital required  S 5,000  Net Capital required (greater of above amounts)  EXCESS CAPITAL  S 9,504  Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)  S 14,268  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):		
NET CAPITAL  COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS  Minimum net aggregate indebtedness - 6-2/3% of net aggregate indebtedness  Minimum dollar net capital required  S 5,000  Net Capital required (greater of above amounts)  EXCESS CAPITAL  S 9,504  Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)  S 14,268  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	Due from shareholder	(650)
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS  Minimum net aggregate indebtedness - 6-2/3% of net aggregate indebtedness \$ 158  Minimum dollar net capital required \$ 5,000  Net Capital required (greater of above amounts) \$ 5,000  EXCESS CAPITAL \$ 9,504  Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness) \$ 14,268  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income \$ 2,364  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 16%  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	Other assets	 (220)
Minimum net aggregate indebtedness - 6-2/3% of net aggregate indebtedness \$ 158  Minimum dollar net capital required \$ 5,000  Net Capital required (greater of above amounts) \$ 5,000  EXCESS CAPITAL \$ 9,504  Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness) \$ 14,268  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income \$ 2,364  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 16%  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	NET CAPITAL	\$ 14,504
Minimum dollar net capital required  Net Capital required (greater of above amounts)  EXCESS CAPITAL  S 9,504  Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	•	
Net Capital required (greater of above amounts)  EXCESS CAPITAL  \$ 9,504  Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital  16%  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):		\$ 158
EXCESS CAPITAL \$ 9,504  Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness) \$ 14,268  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income \$ 2,364  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 16%  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	Minimum dollar net capital required	\$ 5,000
Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	Net Capital required (greater of above amounts)	\$ 5,000
aggregate indebtedness)  COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	EXCESS CAPITAL	\$ 9,504
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income \$ 2,364  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 16%  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of	
Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable and deferred income \$ 2,364  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 16%  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	aggregate indebtedness)	\$ 14,268
and deferred income \$ 2,364  Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 16%  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital  The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	Total liabilities net of deferred income taxes payable	
The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	and deferred income	\$ 2,364
Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):	Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	16%
NET CAPITAL PER COMPANY'S COMPUTATION \$ 15,955	•	
VARIANCE		\$ 15,955
		(650)
(***		(800)
		(1)
NET CAPITAL PER AUDIT REPORT \$ 14,504	-	\$ 

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

#### PART II

TIMES SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL

DECEMBER 31, 2002



### Report of Independent Accountant on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

Board of Directors Time Securities, Inc. El Monte, California

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Time Securities, Inc. (hereafter referred to as the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2002, I have considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, I have made a study of the practice and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that I considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (aggregate debts) and net capital under rule 17a-5(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c-3. I did not review the practice and procedures followed by the Company: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the Governors of Federal Reserve System; or (3) in obtaining and managing physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structures and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practice and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide responsibility and safeguard against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Board of Directors Time Securities, Inc. El Monte, California

Rule 171-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practice and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with them may deteriorate.

My consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weakness under the standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk the terrors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relationship to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted no matters involving the accounting system and control procedures that I considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. In addition, the Company, was in compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 as of December 31, 2002 and no facts came to my attention indication that such conditions had not been complied with during the year then ended.

I understand that the practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended sole for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies which rely on Regulation 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA

Elah Twikly

Los Angeles, California March 19, 2003